

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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Claim 1 (Cancelled)

Claim 2 (Cancelled)

Claim 3 (Cancelled)

Claim 4 (Cancelled)

Claim 5 (Cancelled)

Claim 6 (Cancelled)

Claim 7 (Cancelled)

Claim 8 (Cancelled)

Claim 9 (Cancelled)

10. (Currently Amended) An apparatus including means for determining trapping of ~~pathogen~~ pathogens carried by a fluid by antibodies deposited in a fluidic channel, comprising:

a fluidic channel having at least one pair of spaced electrodes having surfaces and with a space between said electrodes, said electrodes localized along a length of said fluidic channel, with the electrodes of said at least one pair being located on the same side of said fluidic channel,

antibodies ~~located~~ immobilized on said surfaces of said spaced electrodes and immobilized in said space between said electrodes wherein said pathogens carried by said fluid attach to said immobilized antibodies,

means for producing an electric field across said spaced electrodes, and an impedance sensor for measuring impedance between said spaced electrodes for determining trapping of said pathogens.

11. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 10, additionally including at least one pair of reference electrodes located in spaced relation to said at least one pair of spaced electrodes, an insulator located between said reference electrodes and

said pair of spaced electrodes, said reference electrodes being electrically connected to said impedance sensor.

12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 10, wherein said at least one pair of spaced electrodes is located on a surface of said fluidic channel.

13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein said at least one pair of spaced electrodes comprises a plurality of adjacent pairs of spaced electrodes.

14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 13, wherein said plurality of adjacent pairs of spaced electrodes are formed by adjacent fingers of an interdigitated electrode located on the surface of said fluidic channel.

15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 10, wherein said means *which one* comprises an AC power supply.

16. (Currently Amended) A sensor using impedance measurements to detect the presence of pathogens attached to antibodies wherein said pathogens are carried by a fluid, comprising:

a microfluidic device having at least one microchannel therein,

at least one pair of spaced electrodes located on a surface along a length of said microchannel,

D | said pair of spaced electrodes having surfaces and being located on the same surface of the microchannel with a space between said electrodes,

antibodies ~~located~~ immobilized on said surfaces of said spaced electrodes and immobilized in said space between said electrodes wherein said pathogens carried by said fluid attach to said immobilized antibodies,

an AC or DC power supply for producing an electric field across said spaced electrodes, and

means for measuring impedance between said spaced electrodes to detect the presence of said pathogens.

17. (Previously Amended) The sensor of Claim 16, wherein said spaced electrodes comprise fingers of an interdigitated electrode formed on said surface of said microchannel.

18. (Original) The sensor of Claim 17, wherein said interdigitated electrode includes fingers forming a plurality of adjacent pairs of spaced electrodes.

19. (Original) The sensor of Claim 15, additionally including reference electrodes located in insulated relation to said spaced electrodes and electrically connected to said means for measuring impedance.

20. (Original) The sensor of Claim 16, wherein said means for measuring impedance between said spaced electrodes includes a plurality of signal generators, a current sensor connected to at least one electrode, a plurality of amplifier/mixer assemblies connected in parallel to said current sensor, said signal generators each being connected to one of said amplifier/mixer assemblies, and one of said signal generators being additionally connected to another of said spaced electrodes.

21. (Previously Amended) The sensor of Claim 16, wherein the at least one pair of spaced electrodes is formed within the fluidic channel.

22. (Previously Added) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein said spaced electrodes are located in a bottom surface of said fluidic channel. *→ not reading*

23. (Previously Added) The sensor of Claim 16, wherein said spaced electrodes are located in a bottom surface of said at least one microchannel.

24. (Currently Amended) In an apparatus having means for determining trapping of ~~pathogen~~ pathogens carried by a fluid by antibodies deposited in a fluidic channel, the improvement comprising:

at least one pair of spaced electrodes having surfaces and with a space between said electrodes, said spaced electrodes located on a same surface and along a length of said fluidic channel,

antibodies ~~located~~ immobilized on said surfaces of said spaced electrodes and immobilized in said space between said spaced electrodes wherein said pathogens carried by said fluid attach to said immobilized antibodies,

means for producing an electric field across said spaced electrodes, and an impedance sensor for measuring impedance between said spaced electrodes for determining trapping of said pathogens.

25. (Previously Added) The improvement of Claim 24, wherein said *what one* surface is a bottom surface of said fluidic channel.

26. (Previously Added) The improvement of Claim 24, additionally including at least another pair of spaced electrodes having an electric field thereacross and provided with antibodies thereon.

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27. (Previously Added) The improvement of Claim 26, wherein said pairs of spaced electrodes constitute adjacent fingers of an interdigitated electrode formed on said surface of said fluidic channel.

28. (Previously Added) The improvement of Claim 27, wherein said interdigitated electrode is at least partially located on a bottom surface of said fluidic channel.

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